

Appendices

Appendix A

The analytical expressions for the gluon splitting kernel $K_G^0(x)$ and $K_G^1(x)$ are given by:

$$K_G^0(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} e_i^2 8x^2(1-x) \quad (\text{A.1})$$

$$K_G^1(x) = \left[\sum_{i=1}^{N_f} e_i^2 \right] 16C_A x^2 \left[\begin{array}{l} 4Li_2(x) - 2(1-x)lnxln(1-x) + 2(1+x)Li_2(-x) \\ + 3ln^2x + 2(x-2)\zeta(2) + (1-x)ln^2(1-x) \\ + 2(1+x)lnxln(1+x) + \frac{24 + 192x - 317x^2}{24x}lnx \\ + \frac{1 - 3x - 27x^2 + 29x^3}{3x^2}ln(1-x) \\ + \frac{-8 + 24x + 501x^2 - 517x^3}{72x^2} \end{array} \right] \\ - 16C_F x^2 \left[\begin{array}{l} \frac{5 + 12x^2}{30}ln^2x - (1-x)ln(1-x) \\ + \frac{-2 + 10x^3 - 12x^5}{15x^3}[Li_2(-x) + lnxln(1+x)] \\ + 2\frac{5 - 6x^2}{30}\zeta(2) + \frac{4 - 2x - 27x^2 - 6x^3}{30x^2} \\ + \frac{(1-x)(-4 - 18x + 105x^2)}{30x^2} \end{array} \right] \quad (\text{A.2})$$

Here the colour factors $C_A = 3$ and $C_F = \frac{4}{3}$ associated with the colour group SU(3). $Li_2(x)$ and $\zeta(2)$ are dilogarithmic function and Riemann Zeta function respectively.

The function $f(w)$ used in chapter 2 and 3 is defined as

$$f(w) = C_A w^2 \left[\begin{array}{l} 4Li_2(w) - 2(1-w)lnwln(1-w) + 2(1+w)Li_2(-w) \\ + 3ln^2w + 2(w-2)\zeta(2) + (1-w)ln^2(1-w) \\ + 2(1+w)lnwln(1+w) + \frac{24 + 192w - 317w^2}{24w}lnw \\ + \frac{1 - 3w - 27w^2 + 29w^3}{3w^2}ln(1-w) + \frac{-8 + 24w + 501w^2 - 517w^3}{72w^2} \end{array} \right] \\ - C_F w^2 \left[\begin{array}{l} \frac{5 + 12w^2}{30}ln^2w - (1-w)ln(1-w) \\ + \frac{-2 + 10w^3 - 12w^5}{15w^3}[Li_2(-w) + lnwln(1+w)] \\ + 2\frac{5 - 6w^2}{30}\zeta(2) + \frac{4 - 2w - 27w^2 - 6w^3}{30w^2} \\ + \frac{(1-w)(-4 - 18w + 105w^2)}{30w^2} \end{array} \right] \quad (A.3)$$

The analytical expressions of gluon co-efficient functions for F_L structure function are given by :

$$C_{L,g}^1(w) = 8N_f w(1-w) \quad (A.4)$$

$$C_{L,g}^2(w) \cong N_f \{ (94.74 - 49.20w)L_1^2 + 864.8w_1L_1 + 1161wL_1L_0 \\ + 60.06wL_0^2 + 39.66w_1L_0 - 5.333(w^{-1} - 1) \} \quad (A.5)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C_{L,g}^3(w) \cong & N_f \left\{ \left(144L_1^4 - \frac{47024}{27}L_1^3 + 6319L_1^2 + 53160L_1 \right) w_1 + 72549L_0L_1 \right. \\
& + 88238L_0^2L_1 + (3709 - 33514w - 9533w^2)w_1 + 66773wL_0^2 \\
& \left. - 1117L_0 + 45.37L_0^2 - \frac{5360}{27}L_0^3 - (2044.70w_1 + 409.506L_0)w^1 \right\} \\
& + N_f^2 \left\{ \left(\frac{32}{3}L_1^3 - \frac{1216}{9}L_1^2 - 592.3L_1 + 1511wL_1 \right) w_1 + 311.3L_0L_1 \right. \\
& + 14.24L_0^2L_1 + (577.3 - 729.0w)w_1 + 30.78wL_0^3 + 366.0L_0 \\
& \left. + \frac{1000}{9}L_0^2 + \frac{160}{9}L_0^3 + 88.5037w^{-1}w_1 \right\} \\
& + fl_{11}^g N_f^2 \left\{ (-0.0105L_1^3 + 1.550L_1^2 + 19.72wL_1 - 66.745w \right. \\
& + 0.615w^2)w_1 + \frac{20}{27}wL_0^4 + \left(\frac{280}{81} + 2.260w \right) wL_0^3 - (15.40 \\
& \left. - 2.201w)wL_0^2 - (71.66 - 0.121w)wL_0 \right\}. \tag{A.6}
\end{aligned}$$

In equation (A.5) and (A.6), $w_1 = 1 - w$, $L_0 = \ln w$, $L_1 = \ln w_1$ and fl_{11}^g denote the charge factor which is defined as $fl_{11}^g = \frac{\langle e \rangle^2}{\langle e^2 \rangle}$.

The expression for gluon splitting function at small- x are written as :

$$\begin{aligned}
P_{gg}^1(w) = & 2C_A \left\{ \frac{w}{(1-w)_+} + \frac{1-w}{w} + w(1-w) \right\} \\
& + \delta(1-w) \frac{(11C_A - 4N_f T_R)}{6}, \tag{A.7}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
P_{gg}^2(w) = & \frac{12C_F N_f T_R - 46C_A N_f T_R}{9w} + N_f T_R \left\{ \frac{-61}{9}C_F + \frac{172}{27}C_A \right\} \\
& + C_A^2 \left\{ \frac{1643}{54} - \frac{22}{3}\xi(2) - 8\xi(3) \right\}, \tag{A.8}
\end{aligned}$$

$$P_{gg}^3(w) = \frac{224C_A T_R N_f}{27w^2} (-C_A), \tag{A.9}$$

where the Casimir operators of color group $SU(3)$ are defined as $C_A = 3$, $C_F = \frac{4}{3}$ and $T_R = \frac{1}{2}$.

The expressions for gluon co-efficient function for F_2 structure function in LO, NLO and NNLO are given by :

$$C_{2,g}^1(w) = N_f \{(2 - 4ww_1)(L_1 - L_0) - 2 + 16ww_1\}, \quad (\text{A.10})$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{2,g}^2(w) = & \{(6.445 + 209.4(1 - w))L_1^3 - 24L_1^2 + (149w^{-1} - 1483)L_1 \\ & + L_1L_0(-871.8L_1 - 724.1L_0) + 5.319L_0^3 - 59.48L_0^2 - 284.8L_0 \\ & + 11.90w^{-1} + 392.4 - 0.28\delta(1 - w)\} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.11})$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} C_{2,g}^3(w) = & N_f \left\{ \frac{966}{81}L_1^5 - \frac{1871}{18}L_1^4 + 89.31L_1^3 + 979.2L_1^2 - 2405L_1 + 1372x_1L_1^4 \right. \\ & - 15729 - 310510x + 331570x^2 - 244150xL_0^2 - 253.3xL_0^5 \\ & + L_0L_1(138230 - 237010L_0) - 11860L_0 - 700.8L_0^2 - 1440L_0^3 \\ & \left. + \frac{4951}{162}L_0^4 - \frac{134}{9}L_0^5 - x^{-1}(6362.54 - 932.089L_0) + 0.625\delta(x_1) \right\} \\ & + N_f^2 \left\{ \frac{131}{81}L_1^4 - 14.72L_1^3 + 3.607L_1^2 - 226.1L_1 + 4.762 - 190x \right. \\ & - 818.4x^2 - 4019xL_0^2 - L_0L_1(791.5 + 4646L_0) + 739L_0 + 418L_0^2 \\ & + 104.3L_0^3 + \frac{809}{81}L_0^4 + \frac{12}{9}L_0^5 + 84.423x^{-1} \left. \right\} + fl_{11}^g N_f^2 \left\{ 3.211L_1^2 \right. \\ & + 19.04xL_1 + 0.623x_1L_1^3 - 64.47x + 121.6x^2 - 45.82x^3 \\ & - xL_0L_1(31.68 + 37.24L_0) + 11.27x^2L_0^3 - 82.40xL_0 - 16.08xL_0^2 \\ & \left. + \frac{520}{81}xL_0^3 + \frac{20}{27}xL_0^4 \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{A.12})$$

respectively.

Appendix B

In the LO analysis, the heavy quark co-efficient functions used in chapter 6 are written as

$$C_{2,g}^{(0)}(w, \zeta) = \frac{1}{2} \left([w^2 + (1-w)^2 4w\zeta(1-3w) - 8\zeta^2 w^2] \ln \frac{1+\beta}{1-\beta} + \beta [-1 + 8w(1-w) - 4z\zeta(1-w)] \right) \quad (\text{B.1})$$

and

$$C_{L,g}^{(0)}(w, \zeta) = -4w^2 \zeta \ln \frac{1+\beta}{1-\beta} + 2\beta w(1-w), \quad (\text{B.2})$$

where $\beta^2 = 1 - \frac{4z\zeta}{1-z}$. In NLO, we have used the compact form of the co-efficient functions in high energy regime ($\zeta \ll 1$). The NLO co-efficient functions $C_{k,g}^{(1)}$ and $\overline{C}_{k,g}^{(1)}$ are given by

$$C_{k,g}^{(1)} = \frac{8}{3} C_A e_h^2 \ln^2(Q^2/m_h^2) \quad (\text{B.3})$$

and

$$\overline{C}_{k,g}^{(1)} = \frac{16}{3} C_A e_h^2 \ln^2(Q^2/m_h^2), \quad (\text{B.4})$$

where $k = 2, L$ and $h = c, b$. Here the colour factor $C_A = 3$, e_h is the charge of the heavy quark and m_h is the mass of the heavy quark. \square

